

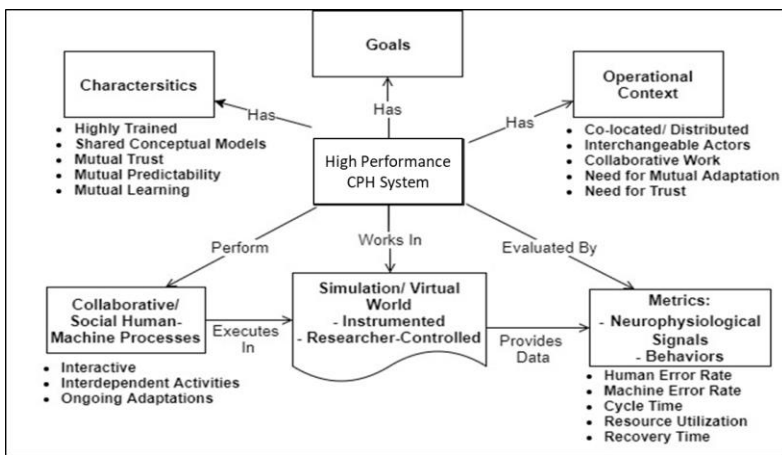
Research Task / Overview

- Adaptive CPH systems have the ability to learn and adapt structure and organization based on data acquired from collection assets including its manned and unmanned nodes

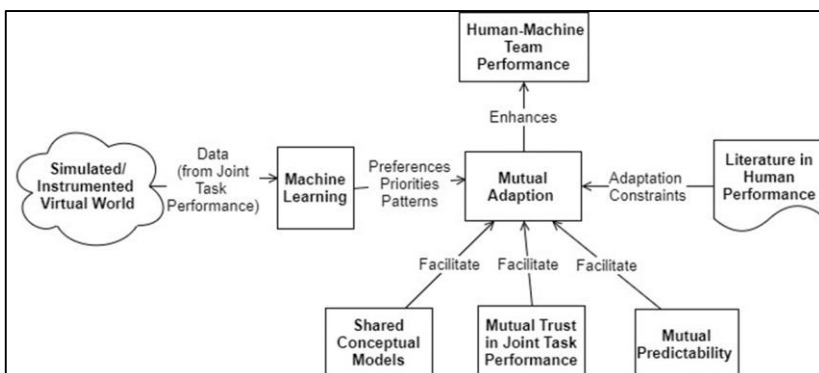


Data & Analysis

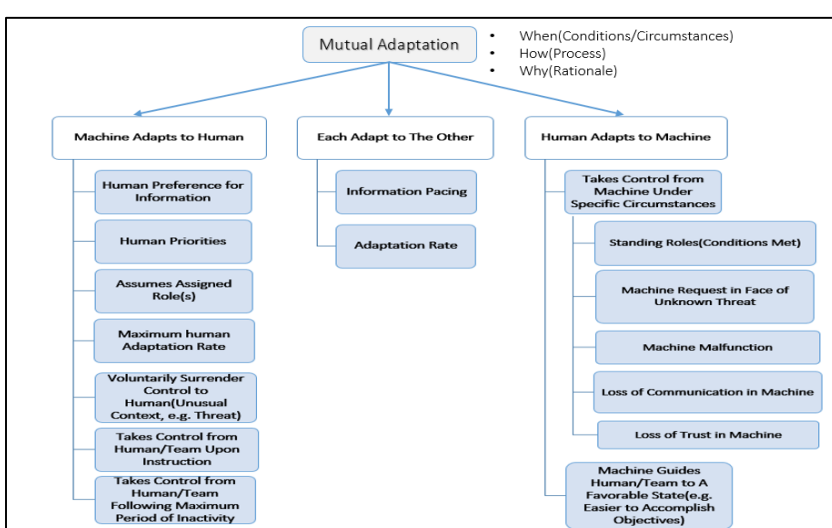
- High-Performance CPH System Schema



- Mutual Adaptation Schema



- Mutual Adaptation Facets



Goals & Objectives

- Develop a probabilistic CPH modeling approach that supports mutual adaptation within the CPH system based on analysis of observations made by humans and data collected by cyber-physical elements
 - Create a probabilistic pattern structure and library that can become the basis for a future bidirectional decision system
 - Create the means by which human actors can adapt trained patterns and create new ones

Methodology

- Key features:
 - In addition to determining the best probabilistic match to a given observation, we evaluate the "distance" from the observations comprising the best match to the current observation
 - If "distance" is "small," then observation is a likely member of the pattern observation set
 - If "distance" is large, then observation may belong to a new pattern.
 - We let a human judge the results of analysis made by the pattern matching system, and trigger updates to existing patterns, or addition of new patterns.

Future Research

- Identify CPH system of interest to DOD
- Prototype CONOPS
 - Operational context
 - Sources of disruption
 - Need for mutual adaptation
- Refine Adaptation and Learning Concepts
 - Supervisory learning
 - Data sources
 - Data collection constraints

Contacts/References

- Madni, A.M., " Mutual Adaptation in Human Machine Teams," ISTI White Paper, Jan 11, 2017
- Madni, A.M. and Sievers, M. Model Based Systems Engineering: Motivation, Current Status and Needed Advances, accepted for publication in Systems Engineering, 2016